

JUST NUMBERS

INGRID DU TOIT

WEEKLY EXERCISES FOR GRADE 9

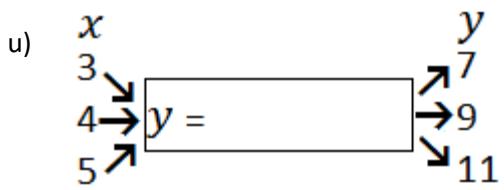
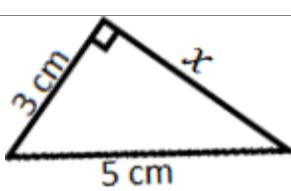
Term 1	►	1 – 13
Term 2	►►	14 – 26
Term 3	►►►	27 – 39
Term 4	►►►►	40 – 52

See www.abcmathsandscience.co.za for more

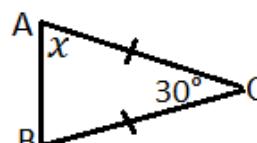
Please note:

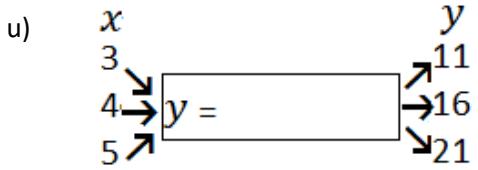
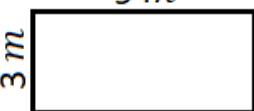
- The answers in the middle of the book can be removed.
- You may not use a calculator.
- Give answers with positive exponents.
- Simplify unless otherwise indicated.

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a) $9,3 \times 10^5$	m) $a \times a \times a \times a \times a$
b) $(-4)^3 - (-3)^2$	n) $2a^2 \times (-3a^2)^3$
c) $\frac{4}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{7}{8}$	o) $4x^2 \times x \times 5x^3$
d) $\sqrt{1,21}$	p) $3x(2x - 4) - x$
e) $0,15 = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$	q) $\frac{a^{10}}{a^5}$
f) $a = 2; b = -1$ $\rightarrow 3a^a - 2ab - b^2 =$	r) $\frac{x}{y} \div \frac{x^3}{y^3}$
g) $4(abc)^0$	s) $-2x^3 + 5x^2 - 3x^3 + x^2$
h) $\frac{6x^2 - 15x}{3x}$	t) $3; 5; 7; 9; \dots$ $T_n =$
Solve x: i) $x - 5 = 30$ j) $\frac{x}{-7} = 3$ k) $5x - 4 = 8 - x$ l) $3x^2 = 48$	u)  v) 
	$x = \dots$ (why?)

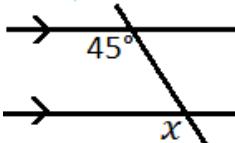
► 2

a) $10^0 - 1^{10}$	m) $5b(-b^2 - 2b - 5)$								
b) $\frac{-4+(-5)(-4)}{(2)(-2)}$	n) $\frac{2x^4+x^3}{x^2} + 3x^2$								
c) $\frac{2}{3} \times 26\frac{5}{8}$	o) $\frac{-3x(2x-3)}{-x}$								
d) $\sqrt{\frac{16}{25} + 0,36}$	p) $7x - y - (x - 3y) - y$								
e) $\frac{-3}{8} = \dots 0, \dots \dots \dots$	q) $2a^2b \times (-5ab^2) \times (-ab)^3$								
f) $a^3 \times a^3$	r) $x^2 - 2 - 5x + 3 - 3x^2$								
g) $\frac{(2x^2)^2 \times 2y^2}{4yx^3}$	s) $m = -2; n = 4$ $\rightarrow mn + 2mn + 3m =$								
h) $\sqrt[3]{125x^{15}}$	t) $T_n = 4n - 3$ $T_{25} = \dots \dots \dots$								
i) $14 - 4x = 7x - 8$ j) $\frac{1}{5}x = 20$ k) $6(x - 2) = 3(x + 8)$ l) $3x = 21$	Solve x: u) <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y</td> <td>7</td> <td>10</td> <td>13</td> </tr> </table> y = v)  x = ° (why?)	x	1	2	3	y	7	10	13
x	1	2	3						
y	7	10	13						

a) $42 \div (-6) \times (-2)$	m) $-3x - 3x - 3x$
b) $1\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{4}{5} - \frac{1}{6}$	n) $(-3a)(-3a)(-3a)$
c) $(0,01)^3$	o) $(-2x^3)^2$
d) $\sqrt{1\frac{2}{25} + \frac{36}{100}}$	p) $\sqrt[3]{27a^{27}}$
e) $8,5\% = \frac{\square}{\square}$	q) $4a^2 - 2a(-4a^2 + 2a)$
f) $x(8x + 2)$	r) $2x^2 + 3x^2 \times -2x$
g) $\frac{-48a^6b^6}{36a^3b^9}$	s) $a = 2; b = -4; c = 5$ $\rightarrow 2a - b + 3c =$
h) $\frac{2a^2 - 6a^3}{2a}$	t) $1; 4; 9; 16; \dots$ $T_n = \dots$
Solve x: i) $-2x - 1 = 13$ j) $2(4x + 2) = 12$ k) $\frac{4x}{5} = -8$ l) $x - 7 = -x + 1$	u)  v)  Area =

► 4

a) $-11 - (3 - 7)$	m) $\frac{12x^6}{25y} \div \frac{24y^4}{-5x^5}$								
b) $-1\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{7}$	n) $\sqrt{25a^{10} - 9a^{10}}$								
c) $2 \times 2^3 \times 2^6$	o) $a^2 - 9a + 3a^2 + 4a$								
d) $\sqrt{8^2 + 6^2}$	p) $\frac{1}{3}a + \frac{4}{5}a - 1\frac{2}{3}a$								
e) $-0,125 = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$	q) $4x(x + 2x - 3y)$								
f) $-2(2a^3b^4)^2$	r) $x + x \times x - x$								
g) $(2a^3)(-4a^3)$	s) $a = -8;$ $\rightarrow (\frac{3a}{4})^2 =$								
h) $\frac{9a^4 - 6a}{3a^2}$	t) $-13; -2; 9; \dots$ $T_n = \dots$								
Solve x:	u) $y = x^2 - 3$								
i) $-2x + 2 = -4$	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>-1</td> <td>2</td> <td>7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	x	-1	2	7	y			
x	-1	2	7						
y									
j) $2x - 6 = 2(3 - 5x)$									
k) $\frac{x-2}{4} - 4 = 0$	v) 								
l) $x^2 = 64$	$x = \dots^\circ$ (why?)								

a) $(3^2)^5$	m) $-2xy + 3x + 4 + 4xy - x$												
b) $\left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{4}{3}\right) \times \frac{7}{8}$	n) $3x(2x - 5)$												
c) $\sqrt{1764}$	o) $(-5a)(2a)(-3)$												
d) $-(13 + 6 - 7) - 8$	p) $(4x^3)^2(2y^4)$												
e) $\frac{12}{25} = 0, \dots$	q) $4xy^2 \div \frac{-4xy^2}{2x^2y}$												
f) $\sqrt[3]{\frac{250x^{14}}{2x^2}}$	r) $6x^0 + 6(x - 1)$												
g) $\frac{a^3bc^6}{a^2bc}$	s) -6; 12; -24;; -96; 192												
h) $\frac{6x^3 - x^2}{x^2}$	t) $a = -1; b = 2; c = -3$ $\rightarrow 2abc =$												
i) $Solve x:$ $2x + 4 = x + 8$	u) Complete (direct proportion) <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>x</td><td>3</td><td>5</td><td>8</td><td></td><td>12</td></tr> <tr> <td>y</td><td>18</td><td></td><td>48</td><td>54</td><td>72</td></tr> </table>	x	3	5	8		12	y	18		48	54	72
x	3	5	8		12								
y	18		48	54	72								
j) $\sqrt{x} + 1 = 11$	v) 												
k) $\frac{x}{3} = 9$													
l) $2x^2 = 32$	$x = \dots^\circ$ (why?)												

